

I yield the remainder of my time to Senator BIDEN.

Mr. BIDEN. Mr. President, let's stop being hypocritical. We just passed an amendment saying safety is important; the NRA is eligible for Federal funds to teach safety. If the ultimate safety of children is what we are concerned about, why are we so upset about the idea that trigger locks will be placed on guns? How can you vote, as I will and have, to give the NRA eligibility to teach gun safety, which I want them to do, and say that is important, but it is not important to take the one step we can that will at least incrementally increase safety of children in the United States of America?

Please vote no on the motion to table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator's time has expired. The Senator from Idaho.

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, 72 of you have just said that gun safety is important, and that we ought to educate, and we ought to use Byrne funds to do so—local law enforcement, State law enforcement, and private entities that teach licensed gun safety.

We have also said that gun dealers ought to have safety devices available. But we have also said there is a States rights issue here. Thirty-four States now have consent to carry. Safety is an issue. And guess what. Accidental deaths are declining, and they are declining because of education, not because of Federal mandates. Even manufacturers say you put a trigger lock on a loaded gun and it is dangerous.

Trigger locks I agree with. They are for empty guns. They are for stored guns. They are not called child locks, they are called safety locks. We believe in that. But why should it be a Federal mandate? It should not be.

The vote you just cast is the right vote. It mandates certain requirements at the local level be provided, and it allows education, and, more importantly, it says train and educate, don't control from the Federal level. Do the right thing. Vote to table. You have cast a sound vote; 72 Senators have said that the right action was the action you have just taken.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator's time has expired.

The question is on agreeing to the motion to table. The yeas and nays have been ordered. The clerk will call the roll.

The bill clerk called the roll.

The result was announced—yeas 61, nays 39, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 216 Leg.]

YEAS—61

Abraham	Coats	Frist
Allard	Cochran	Gorton
Ashcroft	Collins	Gramm
Baucus	Conrad	Grams
Bennett	Coverdell	Grassley
Bond	Craig	Gregg
Breaux	D'Amato	Hagel
Brownback	Domenici	Hatch
Bryan	Dorgan	Helms
Burns	Enzi	Hollings
Campbell	Faircloth	Hutchinson

Hutchison	McConnell	Smith (NH)
Inhofe	Murkowski	Smith (OR)
Jeffords	Nickles	Snowe
Kempthorne	Reid	Specter
Kyl	Robb	Stevens
Leahy	Roberts	Thomas
Lott	Roth	Thompson
Lugar	Santorum	Thurmond
Mack	Sessions	
McCain	Shelby	

NAYS—39

Akaka	Feinstein	Levin
Biden	Ford	Lieberman
Bingaman	Glenn	Mikulski
Boxer	Graham	Moseley-Braun
Bumpers	Harkin	Moynihan
Byrd	Inouye	Murray
Chafee	Johnson	Reed
Cleland	Kennedy	Rockefeller
Daschle	Kerrey	Sarbanes
DeWine	Kerry	Torricelli
Dodd	Kohl	Warner
Durbin	Landrieu	Wellstone
Feingold	Lautenberg	Wyden

The motion to lay on the table the amendment (No. 3230) was agreed to.

Mr. GREGG. I move to reconsider the vote.

Mr. CRAIG. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, there will now be 20 minutes of debate divided evenly on amendment No. 3234.

Who seeks recognition? Who yields time?

Mr. DOMENICI addressed the Chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from New Mexico.

Mr. DOMENICI. Is there an order established at this point?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. There is a time limit. Time is controlled by the Senator from New Hampshire.

Mr. HOLLINGS. And the Senator from Illinois.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. And the Senator from Illinois.

Mr. DOMENICI. I ask unanimous consent that I be permitted to speak for 2 minutes as in morning business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

APPROPRIATIONS BILLS

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, the last couple of weeks we have all been on the floor trying to get appropriations bills completed. I would just like to submit to the U.S. Senate that we ought not be doing this every year.

Don't we have enough knowledge and wisdom and information to appropriate every 2 years instead of every year? Don't we have enough information about budgets and estimating that we could do a budget that lasted for 2 years and make automatic economic adjustments? Of course we do.

Mr. President, if the authorizing committees are wondering why they do not have a chance to do things around here, this is one reason. Because we hardly have enough time to do the appropriations bills. Because they are up every year as if we were in constant motion. In fact, I defy even Senators with the best recollection to recall one appropriations bill from another year

by year. They are so often that they are all one big glob of votes.

Frankly, the Senator from New Mexico had made a mistake this year, because there is a bill at the desk saying we ought to do this every 2 years. We would get our job done better and we would have oversight time and the Senate would be a better place to work in and could do its business better. I should have started 4 months ago insisting that that bill for 2-year budgets and 2-year appropriations be voted on by the U.S. Senate.

But I can tell the Senate, it will be voted on the next opportunity when our leader has some time, and it may be early next year. We are going to get that bill out of committee, and we are going to vote on this issue of whether we have to do this every single year.

Frankly, we now have evidence that these bills are 90 to 95 percent similar one year over another. I know chairmen feel they have made dramatic changes year over year; and, yes, they may have. They also passed the appropriated money for bills that have not been authorized, and they know that. And their response is, "Nobody's doing it, so we have to do it." Well, nobody is doing it because there is no time for anybody to do it.

Mr. President, I believe many Senators agree with this. I have talked to them at length on it. Frankly, we are going to decide in the Senate pretty soon whether we are going to keep on doing this. I am not sure we will win, but surely we are going to present this issue.

I thank the Chair and yield the floor.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1999

The Senate continued with the consideration of the bill.

Mr. DURBIN addressed the Chair.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Illinois.

AMENDMENT NO. 3234

Mr. DURBIN. Could I have a clarification? I want to make sure the Senator from New Hampshire and I have an understanding about the pending amendment. It is my understanding—I hope the Senator from New Hampshire would follow me in this—that we have some 20 minutes left in debate, equally divided between the Senator from New Hampshire and myself, at which point at the end of that debate there will be a vote. Is that the Chair's understanding?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator is correct.

Mr. DURBIN. I thank the Chair and ask the Senator from New Hampshire—

Mr. GREGG. Will the Senator yield?

Mr. DURBIN. Yes.

Mr. GREGG. I understand the vote is to occur at 6 o'clock.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. That was the order, but Senator DOMENICI took 2